

1. Absolute Contraindications

- 1.1. Uncorrected or uncorrectable heart disease
 - 1.1.1. Significant Coronary Artery Disease that cannot be corrected, and/or patient demonstrates active symptoms
 - 1.1.2. Severe Untreated Cardiac Valvular Stenosis or Insufficiency
 - 1.1.3. Aortic Root ≥ 6 cm
- 1.2. Oxygen Dependence
- 1.3. Residing in a Skilled Nursing Facility
- 1.4. Ejection fraction $\leq 35\%$
- 1.5. Active Hepatitis B
- 1.6. Cirrhosis with Portal Hypertension
- 1.7. Active bacterial/viral infection
- 1.8. HIV virus infection
- 1.9. Peripheral Gangrene
- 1.10. Lupus with active flare-ups
- 1.11. Active Malignancy – based on evidence-based guidelines**
- 1.12. Documented Noncompliance*
 - 1.12.1. Physicians' appointments
 - 1.12.2. Dialysis Treatments
 - 1.12.3. Medications
 - 1.12.4. Unacceptable fluid weight gain between scheduled dialysis treatments
- 1.13. Severe peripheral vascular disease
 - 1.13.1. Aorto-Iliac disease
 - 1.13.2. Mesenteric Calcinosi or Atherosclerosis
 - 1.13.3. Untreated Symptomatic Peripheral Vascular Disease
- 1.14. Acute psychosis or unstable mental illness

(*) The issue of compliance must be addressed by the nephrologist, and dialysis unit, before referral to the Transplant Center.

2. Relative Contraindications

- 2.1. Adults with a BMI less than 18 or greater than 40 on adult BMI Chart
- 2.2. Protein-calorie malnutrition
- 2.3. Compensated Cirrhosis
- 2.4. Chronic hepatitis C with cirrhosis
- 2.5. Chemical dependency
 - 2.5.1. Alcohol Abuse
 - 2.5.2. Illegal or non-prescribed drugs
 - 2.5.3. Tobacco use with end-organ damage
 - 2.5.4. Chronic high dose opioid use (≥ 90 MME)
- 2.6. Inability to care for self and/or no social support system to assist with post-transplant responsibilities
 - 2.6.1. Medication set-up/administration
 - 2.6.2. Transportation to clinic visits
 - 2.6.3. Self-care issues (hygiene)
 - 2.6.4. Immediate post-operative support person
 - 2.6.5. Residing in an Assisted Living Facility
 - 2.6.6. Patients in an institutional setting cannot meet the requirements outlined in the criteria above.

- 2.7. Moderate to severe peripheral arterial disease
- 2.8. Inferior vena cava filter with IVC thrombosis
- 2.9. Parkinson's disease and/or moderate to severe tremors
- 2.10. Dementia
- 2.11. Open, chronic non-healing ulcers/wounds
- 2.12. Severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
- 2.13. Moderate cardiac valvular stenosis or regurgitation
- 2.14. Moderate to Severe Pulmonary Hypertension
- 2.15. Cardiomyopathy or any EF \leq 45%
- 2.16. Severe Orthostatic Hypotension
- 2.17. Accelerated Coronary Atherosclerosis requiring multiple interventions
- 2.18. Untreated sleep apnea
- 2.19. Severe, symptomatic gastroparesis
- 2.20. Currently prescribed dual antiplatelet therapy
- 2.21. Frailty
- 2.22. Treated Malignancy – based on evidence-based guidelines**
- 2.23. Any condition deemed by the transplant provider, that risk of transplant is greater than benefit.

(*) Referring nephrologists will have the opportunity to be involved in discussion of referred patients during the weekly scheduled patient selection committee meetings.

(**) Transplant Center Guidelines on file